

Documentation technique

Mettre en place un Wordpress sur une VM Debian
sans interface graphique



WORDPRESS

debian wordpress vm

bdd:

name = wordpress

user = debian-wp

passwd = azerty

wordpress web:

site title = portfolio-test

user = test

passwd = azerty

commandes:

```
apt install apache2 php mariadb-server libapache2-mod-php php-mysql
```

```
mysql -u root -p
```

*dans la base de donnée : *

```
create database wordpress;
```

```
create user 'debian-wp'@'localhost' identified by 'azerty';
```

```
grant all privileges on * . * to 'debian-wp'@'localhost';
```

```
flush privileges;
```

```
exit;
```

```
cd /var/www/html
```

```
rm index.html
wget http://wordpress.org/latest.tar.gz
tar xzf latest.tar.gz
rm -f latest.tar.gz
mv wordpress/* ./
cp wp-config-sample.php wp-config.php
```

modif le fichier wp-config.php

-> changer les valeur d'accès à la bdd

-> ajouter la ligne suivante à la fin pour importer des fichiers directement depuis son pc sans pass
define('FS_METHOD', 'direct');

-> vim /etc/php/7.4/apache2/php.ini

:set nu (affiche les lignes)

/texte (recherche le mot texte dans le fichier)

:set nu!

mettre les lignes upload_max_filesize et post_max_size à 128M

mettre la ligne max_execution time à 300

upload_max_filesize: This tells your website the maximum file size that it will accept for uploading.

max_post_size: This tells your website the maximum file size for each blog post. If this limit is too low, increasing the file size limit won't matter.

max_execution_time: This tells your website the maximum amount of time it should spend attempting to upload a file.

```
chown www-data:www-data -R /var/www/html
```

```
chmod 755 -R /var/www/html
```

```
systemctl restart apache2
```